View Incident Page 1 of 3



Reporting Category

Category Subcategory Situation Victim/Offender Armed? Weapon Types Weapon Other Recovered? Deceased?

03B IMPROPER SEARCH OF PERSON - - - - - - - row(s) 1 - 1 of 1

Log No: 1088342 Type:CR

Accused Members

Review Name	Status	Overall Finding			Served	Date	History
View DELGADO JR, MIGUEL	PENDING COMMAND CHANNEL REVIEW COMPLETE (C.O.P.A.)	SUSTAINED	SUSPENSION	2	-	01-FEB-2018	(View)
View BROWN, DANIEL	PENDING COMMAND CHANNEL REVIEW COMPLETE (C.O.P.A.)	SUSTAINED	SUSPENSION	2	-	01-FEB-2018	(View)

row(s) 1 - 2 of 2

Attachments

	No.	Туре	Related Person	No. of Pages	Narrative	Original in File	Entered By	Entered Date/Time	Status	Approve Content?	Approve Inclusion?
View	1	FACE SHEET	N/A	-	-	-	BOWENS, DARREN	FEB-01- 2018 15:43	-	-	-
(View)	2	CONFLICT CERTIFICATION	N/A	-	-	-	SANGSTER, ERICA	FEB-08- 2018 15:38	-	-	-
(View)	3	CONFLICT CERTIFICATION	N/A	-	-	-	GLENN, MARK	FEB-09- 2018 14:08	-	-	-
(View)	4	ATTENDANCE AND ASSIGNMENT RECORD	N/A	4	-	NO	OLVERA, MARIA	FEB-08- 2018 11:02	APPROVED	-	YES
(View)	5	SWORN AFFIDAVIT FROM COMPLAINANT	N/A	1	-	NO	OLVERA, MARIA	FEB-08- 2018 10:58	APPROVED	-	YES
View	6	OEMC EVENT QUERY	N/A	1	-	NO	OLVERA, MARIA	FEB-08- 2018 10:59	APPROVED	-	YES
(View)	7	PHOTO IDENTIFICATION	N/A	1	-	NO	OLVERA, MARIA	FEB-08- 2018 11:05	APPROVED	-	YES
View	8	CONSENT FOR AUDIO RECORDED INTERVIEW	N/A	1	-	NO	OLVERA, MARIA	FEB-08- 2018 11:02	APPROVED	-	YES
View	9	REPORT (OTHER)	N/A	1	ISR	NO	GLENN, MARK	MAY-14- 2018 12:00	APPROVED	-	YES
(View)	10	REPORT (OTHER)	N/A	1	ISR RECEIPT	NO	OLVERA, MARIA	FEB-08- 2018 11:00	APPROVED	-	YES
View	11	AUDIO INTERVIEW	N/A	1	Audio statement of recorded 2/2/18	NO	YOHANNA, ALISON	FEB-02- 2018 12:17	APPROVED	-	YES
View	12	O.E.M.C. (OEMC) REQUEST/HOLD	N/A	2	-	NO	OLVERA, MARIA	FEB-08- 2018 10:58	APPROVED	-	YES
	13	AUDIO INTERVIEW	N/A	1	P.O. BROWN	NO			APPROVED	-	YES

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(View)						GLENN, MARK	APR-03- 2018 11:16		
View 14	AUDIO INTERVIEW	N/A	1	P.O. DELGADO	NO	GLENN, MARK	APR-03- 2018 11:17	APPROVED -	YES
View 15	NOTIF OF CHARGES/ALLEGATIONS - ADM PROC RIGHTS (STATUTORY)	N/A	3	P.O. BROWN	NO	GLENN, MARK	APR-03- 2018 11:40	APPROVED -	YES
View 16	NOTIF OF CHARGES/ALLEGATIONS - ADM PROC RIGHTS (STATUTORY)	N/A	3	P.O. DALGADO	NO	GLENN, MARK	APR-03- 2018 11:51	APPROVED -	YES
View 17	VIDEO RECORDING	N/A	1	BWC VIDEO PO M. DELGADO	YES	GLENN, MARK	MAY-02- 2018 16:25	APPROVED -	YES
(View) 18	VIDEO RECORDING	N/A	1	BWC VIDEO PO DANIEL BROWN	YES	GLENN, MARK	MAY-02- 2018 16:26	APPROVED -	YES
View 19	VIDEO RECORDING	N/A	1	BWC VIDEO PO M. DELGADO	YES	GLENN, MARK	MAY-02- 2018 16:27	APPROVED -	YES
View 20 I	REPORT (OTHER)	N/A	26	TRANSCRIPTION OF OFFICER DANIEL BROWN INTERVIEW	YES	GLENN, MARK	JUN-12- 2018 16:30	APPROVED -	YES
View 21 I	REPORT (OTHER)	N/A	27	TRANSCRIPTION OF OFFICER MIGUEL DELGADO INTERVIEW	YES	GLENN, MARK	JUN-12- 2018 16:32	APPROVED -	YES
	SUPPLEMENTAL SUMMARY REPORT	N/A	10	-	YES	GLENN, MARK	JUN-12- 2018 16:43	APPROVED -	YES
View 23 I	REPORT (OTHER)	N/A	6	COPA DISCIPLINARY RECOMMENDATION FORM-OFFICER DANIEL BROWN	YES	GLENN, MARK	JUN-13- 2018 12:47	APPROVED -	YES
View 24 I	REPORT (OTHER)	N/A	8	COPA DISCIPLIANRY RECOMMENDATION FORM-OFFICER MIGUEL DELGADO, JR.	YES	GLENN, MARK	JUN-13- 2018 12:48	APPROVED -	YES
	INVESTIGATOR CASE LOG	N/A	1	-	YES	GLENN, MARK	JUN-13- 2018 13:01	APPROVED -	YES
(View) -	REPORT (OTHER)	N/A	5	DNC Letter	NO	CONNOLLY, LUKE	AUG-17- 2018 15:01	APPROVED -	YES

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Internal Use Only

No Internal Use Only attachments available.

Print Accused Appeal Forms

No Accused Appeal forms available for this Log No.

Related Incidents

TIP Related Incidents listed below are for reference only. These may be viewed using the related application search screens. No Related Incidents associated with this Log No.

Status History

TIP Every employee included in the Status History is subject to be called for legal or administrative proceedings.

Resulting Status	Status Date/Time	Created By	Position	Employee No.	Assigned/ Detailed Unit	Comments
PENDING COMMAND CHANNEL REVIEW COMPLETE (C.O.P.A.)	17-AUG- 2018 15:01	CONNOLLY, LUKE	SERGEANT OF POLICE		121 / -	-
PENDING ADVOCATE REVIEW	17-AUG- 2018 14:58	CONNOLLY, LUKE	SERGEANT OF POLICE		121 / -	Upload DNC letter
		HOLT, ELGIN	COMMANDER		212 / -	-

View Incident Page 3 of 3

PENDING SUPERINTENDENT DECISION	12-JUL-2018 16:01				
PENDING COMMAND CHANNEL REVIEW	12-JUL-2018 14:04	TIRADO, JOSE	COMMANDER	004 / -	-
PENDING COMMAND CHANNEL REVIEW	20-JUN- 2018 12:38	COSTELLO, ROBERT	SERGEANT OF POLICE	121 / -	-
PENDING ADVOCATE REVIEW	19-JUN- 2018 15:06	RUTLEDGE- WILLIS, REGINA	POLICE OFFICER	127 / 121	-
PENDING REVIEW INCIDENT (I.A.D./DISTRICT USE)	18-JUN- 2018 11:26	DOMAIN, ALEXANDRA	SUPERVISOR PARALEGAL	113 / -	-
CLOSED AT C.O.P.A.	18-JUN- 2018 11:04	DOMAIN, ALEXANDRA	SUPERVISOR PARALEGAL	113 / -	-
PENDING REVIEW INCIDENT (C.O.P.A. USE ONLY)	13-JUN- 2018 15:00	HUNT, JOSHUA	DEPUTY CHIEF ADMINISTRATOR	113 / -	-
PENDING CHIEF ADMINISTRATOR REVIEW	13-JUN- 2018 14:58	HUNT, JOSHUA	DEPUTY CHIEF ADMINISTRATOR	113 / -	-
PENDING C.O.P.A. COORDINATOR REVIEW	13-JUN- 2018 13:12	SANGSTER, ERICA	SUPERVISING INV COPA	113 / -	-
PENDING INVESTIGATIVE REVIEW	13-JUN- 2018 13:08	GLENN, MARK	INVESTIGATOR 3 COPA	113 / -	-
PENDING INVESTIGATION	08-FEB- 2018 15:38	SANGSTER, ERICA	SUPERVISING INV COPA	113 / -	-
PENDING ASSIGN INVESTIGATOR	08-FEB- 2018 11:05	OLVERA, MARIA	SUPERVISING INV COPA	113 / -	Type Changed from INFO to CR on 08-FEB-2018 11:05 by OLVERA, MARIA Affidavit information for this Log Number has changed on 08-FEB-2018 11:05 by OLVERA, MARIA
PENDING ASSIGN TEAM	02-FEB- 2018 12:36	PFEIFER, ADAM	SUPERVISING INV COPA	113 / -	-
PENDING SUPERVISOR REVIEW	02-FEB- 2018 12:19	YOHANNA, ALISON	INVESTIGATOR 3 COPA	113 / -	-
PRELIMINARY	02-FEB- 2018 12:19	YOHANNA, ALISON	INVESTIGATOR 3 COPA	113 / -	-
PRELIMINARY	02-FEB- 2018 12:17	YOHANNA, ALISON	INVESTIGATOR 3 COPA	113 / -	-
PRELIMINARY	02-FEB- 2018 11:00	OLVERA, MARIA	SUPERVISING INV COPA	113 / -	-
PENDING ASSIGN TEAM	01-FEB- 2018 17:34	PFEIFER, ADAM	SUPERVISING INV COPA	113 / -	-
PENDING SUPERVISOR REVIEW	01-FEB- 2018 15:56	BOWENS, DARREN	INVESTIGATOR 2 COPA	113 / -	-
PRELIMINARY	01-FEB- 2018 15:43	BOWENS, DARREN	INVESTIGATOR 2 COPA	113 / -	-
					row(s) 1 - 22 of 22

Command Channel Reviewers

Accused Name	Sequence No.	Reviewer
DELGADO JR, MIGUEL	1	TIRADO, JOSE
DELGADO JR, MIGUEL	2	HOLT, ELGIN
BROWN, DANIEL	1	TIRADO, JOSE
BROWN, DANIEL	2	HOLT, ELGIN
	row	v(s) 1 - 4 of 4

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User:

Sustained

SUMMARY REPORT OF INVESTIGATION

I. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Date of Incident:		February 1, 2018				
Time of Incident:		1:30 PM				
Location of Incident:						
Date of COPA Notificatio	n:	February 1, 2018				
Time of COPA Notification	on:	3:43 PM				
Officer Miguel Delgado, (" , stopped complainant alleges	Officer that Of Additi		strict as Beat no. Front of form him of the			
Involved Officer #1:	Rank:		DOA: 173, District, DOB:			
Involved Officer #2:		l Delgado, Jr., Star #18560, Employee ID # DOA: 12, Rank: Police Officer, Unit of Assignment: District, /81, Male, Hispanic				
Subject #1:		, DOB: Male, Black				
III. ALLEGATION	N					
Officer	Allega	tion	Finding			
Officer Brown	1.	It is alleged that on or around February 1, 2018, in front of, Chicago, IL, at approximately 1:30 PM, that Officer Brown failed to inform of the purpose of his traffic stop, in violation of Rules 1, 2 and 11.	Sustained			

2018, in front of

2. It is alleged that on or around February 1,

	Chicago, IL, at approximately 1:30 PM, that Officer Brown improperly conducted a search of vehicle, a violation of Rules 1, 2 and 11
Officer Delgado	1. It is alleged that on or around February 1, 2018, in front of, at approximately 1:30 PM, that Officer Delgado failed to inform of the purpose of his traffic stop, in violation of Rules 1, 2 and 11.
	2. It is alleged that on or around February 1, 2018, in front of at approximately 1:30 PM, that Officer Delgado improperly conducted a search of vehicle, a violation of Rules 1, 2 and 11

IV. APPLICABLE RULES AND LAWS

Rules

- 1. Rule 1: Violation of any law or ordinance
- 2. **Rule 2**: Any action or conduct which impedes the Department's efforts to achieve its policy and goals or brings discredit upon the Department.
- 3. Rule 11: Incompetency or inefficiency in the performance of duty.

Special Orders

1. S04-13-9: Investigatory Stop System

Federal Laws

1. 4th Amendment, U. S. Constitution

Municipal Code

1. **Municipal Code:** Ch. 9-40-035(5)

V. INVESTIGATION¹

¹ COPA conducted a thorough and complete investigation. The following is a summary of the material evidence gathered and relied upon in our analysis.

a. Interviews

On February 2, 2018, complainant gave an audio recorded interview to stated on February 1, 2018, he had just left his grandmother's house when he observed an unmarked CPD Ford SUV following him. stated the police vehicle followed him for a block and then activated its emergency lights. stated he pulled over and rolled down his driver's window. stated he was approached by two plainclothes officers, later identified as Officer Brown and Officer Delgado. stated either Officer Brown or Delgado told him to lower all his windows because his back windows were tinted and they could not see inside the vehicle. stated the officer, later identified as Officer Brown, asked him for his driver's license and insurance. stated Officer Brown did not tell him the purpose of the traffic stated Officer Brown was looking around the inside of his vehicle and asked him to step out. stated he refused, saying to Officer Brown, "I have [a driver's] license and insurance, why am I stepping out of the car for?"² stated Officer Brown opened his driver's door, pulled him out of the vehicle and searched him. stated Officer Brown searched him while Officer Delgado searched inside his vehicle and found nothing. stated Officers Brown and Delgado searched him and his vehicle for no reason. stated Officers Brown and Delgado looked at him and automatically judged him and treated him like he was a nobody, like he was a drug dealer and he had a gun. stated he was upset about what happened and that he asked Officers Brown and Delgado for identification because something had to be done about what the stated when he asked why he was stopped, the officers replied that he was moving funny. stated that he told Officers Brown and Delgado they could not have seen into his vehicle because they had asked him to lower his windows to see in. stated he had to request a receipt for the stop and waited in the cold for ten minutes to receive it. arm rest in his vehicle was ripped and papers in the front console were destroyed from the search.³

On March 26, 2018, accused **Officer Daniel Brown**, ("Officer Brown"), gave an audio recorded interview to COPA. Officer Brown stated that on February 1, 2018, he was working a tactical unit in the 4th District, with his partner Officer Miguel Delgado ("Officer Delgado"). Officer Brown stated he was wearing plainclothes and he was the driver of an unmarked CPD vehicle. Officer Brown stated that on February 1, 2018, approximately between 1:00 PM and 1:15 PM, he and Officer Delgado were in the area of 79th and Essex Avenue. Officer Brown stated the area has a lot of gang activity. Officer Brown stated he observed driving a northbound on either Colfax Avenue or Essex Avenue. Officer Brown stated he followed vehicle a block or two before stopping it. Officer Brown stated he stopped for an obstruction of driver's view violation. Officer Brown stated that although rear window was tinted, with the sunlight going through it he could see straight through his vehicle. Officer Brown stated he activated his vehicle's emergency equipment and conducted a traffic stop of mear the intersection of 78th and Phillips Avenue. Officer Brown stated he asked

² Attachment 11 at 2:30

³ Attachment 11

lower the car's windows. Officer Brown stated was agitated because of an altercation he had with a woman who had gone through his phone. Officer Brown stated he did not tell why he was being stopped. Officer Brown stated that told Officer Brown he was agitated, and was shaking and dropped his license. He stated that these factors made him concerned for his safety and that of Officer Delgado.

Officer Brown stated that during his five-year career as a CPD officer, he did not recall encountering anyone else he stopped for a traffic violation being either shaky or having dropped their driver's license. Officer Brown stated he returned to his vehicle with Dear's identification and performed a name and warrant check, which was negative. Officer Brown stated he returned to and asked him to exit the vehicle. Officer Brown stated he asked to do so because his partner Officer Delgado said that refused to turn his vehicle off, and based upon Officer Delgado's knowledge and experience could have fled. Officer Brown stated when he and Officer Delgado initiated the traffic stop, they observed placing his hands towards the passenger side of the vehicle, alerting them that might be concealing contraband or a weapon. Officer Brown stated he opened door and asked him to step out of the vehicle. Officer Brown stated after stepped from the vehicle, he performed a protective pat-down. Officer Brown stated as exited the vehicle, he observed bulges in front pocket that could have been a weapon. Officer Brown stated the protective pat-down yielded negative results. Officer Brown stated Officer Delgado searched the interior of the vehicle.

On March 26, 2018, accused Officer Miguel Delgado, Jr., ("Officer Delgado") gave an audio recorded interview to COPA. Officer Delgado stated that on February 1, 2018, he was working in a tactical unit, with his partner, Officer Daniel Brown ("Officer Brown"). Officer Delgado stated he was wearing plainclothes and he was in an unmarked CPD vehicle. Officer Delgado stated approximately between 1:00 PM and 1:15 PM, he and Officer Brown were on routine patrol near 79th and Essex Ave. Officer Delgado stated the location is known as a high gang and narcotics conflict area. Officer Delgado stated he and Officer Brown observed northbound on Essex from 79th. Officer Delgado stated he driving a and Officer Brown were driving northbound on Essex from 79th behind the sedan. Officer Delgado stated he observed an object dangling from the car's rear view mirror, which he stated was an obstruction of driver's view violation, and informed Officer Brown. Officer Delgado stated he and Officer Brown were behind vehicle "less than a block, and if you go by feet approximately 500 feet to 600 feet, it wasn't really that far, it was definitely less than a block."5 Officer Delgado stated the rear window was tinted, but did not impede his ability to observe the object dangling from the rearview mirror. Officer Delgado stated they activated their emergency equipment and pulled to the curb.

⁴ Attachment 13

⁵ Attachment 14 at 12:45

Officer Delgado stated before vehicle stopped, he saw make a movement with his right arm extended from the driver's side towards the front passenger side of the vehicle. Officer Delgado stated he activated his body-worn camera. Officer Delgado stated he informed Officer Brown of his observation of action. Officer Delgado stated that after exiting their unmarked unit, he told Officer Brown he could not see through the front and rear passenger windows. Officer Delgado stated rolled down his windows after being told to do so, and Officer Brown began speaking to him. Officer Delgado stated he observed from the passenger side window that was very agitated, and that "he was shaking, his hands were clearly shaking." Officer Delgado stated Officer Brown was asking if everything was alright. Officer Delgado stated said to Officer Brown "something about his girlfriend and an argument." Officer Delgado stated Officer Brown asked for identification. Officer Delgado fumbled the documents and he had to open the door in handing them to Officer Brown. Officer Delgado stated from what he observed, was "very shaky, very agitated, very nervous."8 Officer Delgado stated while Officer Brown checked identification, he spoke with regarding his agitated behavior. Officer Delgado stated he requested vehicle, but refused. Officer Delgado stated after finding had no outstanding warrants, he and Officer Brown approached vehicle. Officer Delgado stated Officer Brown asked to exit his vehicle. Officer Delgado stated he went to Officer Brown's side of for support in case something happened. Officer Delgado stated Officer Brown opened exited the vehicle. Officer Delgado stated he then began to search Officer Delgado stated the reason for the vehicle search was behavior. Officer Delgado stated that based on his experience when someone behaves nervous, as was, some type of contraband is in the vehicle that causes the nervousness. Officer Delgado stated that volatile actions, nervousness, shaking of his hands, and furtive movements, created reasonable suspicion to search. Officer Delgado stated no contraband was recovered from the interior vehicle search. Officer Delgado stated he and Officer Brown walked back to their vehicle to get investigatory stop receipt. Officer Delgado stated was very agitated, and that he was asked to sit in his car but refused. Officer Delgado stated kept approaching the vehicle and the officers in a very agitated state, with Officer Brown telling not to walk behind Officer Delgado. Officer Delgado stated Officer Brown again told to sit in his vehicle, but he refused. Officer Delgado stated that after giving his investigatory stop receipt, he and Officer Brown explained why they stopped him and asked him to exit his vehicle. Officer Delgado stated was still very agitated, and did not want to listen to anything.⁹

b. Digital Evidence

⁶ Ibid @15:19

⁷ Ibid, @15:28

⁸ Ibid, @15:35

⁹ Attachment 14

The BWC video of Officer Brown on February 1, 2018, shows the interaction of Officer Brown with during the traffic stop. 10

The BWC video of Officer Delgado on February 1, 2018, shows the traffic stop of The video shows Officer Delgado searching vehicle.¹¹

c. Documentary Evidence

The CPD Investigatory Stop Report (ISR), Card No. , states on February 1, 2018, complainant , (" ''), driving a stopped by Officer Brown and Officer Delgado for the traffic violation obstruction of driver's view. The ISR states as Officers Brown and Delgado turned on their emergency equipment, they observed furtive movements from towards the passenger's seat inside the vehicle. The report was very nervous to the point he was shaking, and that he fumbled and dropped his driver's license and proof of insurance when giving said items to Officers Brown and Delgado. The report states due to furtive movements and nervous appearance, Officers Brown and Delgado asked him to exit the vehicle. The report further states became agitated and refused to do so, but did exited the vehicle. Because of behavior, and for officer safety, the report states Officers Brown and Delgado conducted a protective pat down for weapons with negative results. The report also states because of furtive movements towards the passenger side area, Officers Brown and Delgado searched vehicle for possible contraband with negative results. The ISR concludes was given an Investigatory Stop Receipt and sent on his way without incident.12

VI. ANALYSIS

1. Failure to inform purpose of the traffic stop

Chapter 9-40-035(5), Traffic Stop Code of Conduct, of the City of Chicago Municipal Code states that sworn members of the Chicago Police Department (CPD) shall "politely inform the driver of the reason and purpose of the traffic stop." Although Officer Delgado made a generalized statement that he and Officer Brown explained their actions to Dean, the BWC videos of Officers Brown and Delgado, as well as Officer Brown's admission in his COPA interview, 13 clearly establish that neither officer told complainant what violation of the law constituted the reason and purpose for his traffic stop. Therefore, the allegation that Officers Brown and Delgado failed to inform of the reason and purpose for the traffic stop is sustained.

2. Improper search of vehicle

¹⁰ Attachment 18

¹¹ Attachment 19

¹² Attachment 10

¹³ Attachment 18

As a preliminary matter, when a police officer observes a driver commit a traffic violation, the officer is justified in briefly detaining the driver to investigate the violation." *People v. Ramsey*, 362 Ill.App.3d 610 (4th Dist. 2005). A stop of a vehicle and the detention of its occupants constitutes a "seizure" under the fourth amendment. *People v. Jones*, 215 Ill.2d 261 (2005). To be constitutionally permissible, a vehicle stop must be reasonable under the circumstances, and the stop will be deemed reasonable "where the police have probable cause to believe that a traffic violation has occurred." *Ramsey*, 362 Ill. App. 3d at 615 (quoting *Whren v. United States*, 517 U.S. 806 (1996)).

It is a violation of the Illinois Vehicle Code to "drive a motor vehicle with any objects placed or suspended between the driver and the front windshield...which materially obstructs the driver's view." 625 ILCS 5/12-503(c). It is well established that an air freshener may support the reasonable articulable suspicion necessary to initiate a traffic stop pursuant to 625 ILCS 5/12-503(c). See, e.g., People v. Jackson, 335 Ill.App.3d (2d Dist. 2002) (holding that air freshener hanging from a rearview mirror can create a reasonable suspicion that 625 ILCS 5/12-503(c) is being violated); United States v. Smith, 80 F.3d 215 (7th Cir. 1996) (holding that where officers stopped motorist suspected of drug offenses based upon the presence of an air freshener hanging from his rear-view mirror, stop of automobile was valid and did not constitute an impermissible pretextual stop).

However, there is no bright-line test that determines when the size of a dangling object, such as a pendant, air freshener, or necklace, constitutes a material obstruction. See, e.g., United States v. Garcia-Garcia 633 F.3d 608 2011 U.S. App. Lexis 1463 (7th Cir. 2011) (holding that air fresheners may (or may not) constitute material obstructions depending on their size, their position relative to the driver's line of vision, and whether they are stationary or mobile); People v. Mott, 359 Ill.App.3d 313 (4th Dist. 2009) (holding that size alone does not determine whether an object materially obstructs a driver's view for 625 ILCS 5/12-503(c) of the Illinois Vehicle Code purposes; necklaces, pendants, parking passes, souvenirs, good luck charms, beads, crucifixes, St. Christopher medals, and sunglasses suspended from a rearview mirror may be material obstructions in the proper situation).

Both officers, ¹⁴ as memorialized later in the ISR that was completed, ¹⁵ say was stopped for an obstruction of driver's view traffic violation. It is highly improbable that either officer could have determined in their vehicle, from a distance of 500 feet to 600 feet, through tinted window, that the tree air freshener dangling from rear view mirror constituted a material obstruction. However, pursuant to *Terry v. Ohio*, the officers could initiate a traffic stop to conduct an investigation into whether or not a crime had been committed (i.e. whether or not the air freshener did materially obstruct Mr. view). 392 U.S. 1 (1968).

¹⁴ Attachments 18 and 19

¹⁵ Attachment 9

However, assuming arguendo the officers could immediately determine that the air freshener was a material obstruction, the subsequent search of vehicle for contraband was improper. There are limited circumstances when a lawfully stopped vehicle may be searched without consent or a warrant. The first exception is the automobile exception in which probable cause exists for the seizing officers to believe that there is contraband or evidence in the stopped vehicle. *People v. Christmas*, 396 Ill.App.3d 951 (2d Dist. 2009). In such instances, an officer may search any area of the vehicle that may contain the evidence or contraband. It is evident that in this instance, the automobile exception does not apply.

The second instance a warrantless search is appropriate is when the occupants of a lawfully stopped vehicle give the officer reasonable suspicion that they are dangerous *and* the occupants might access the vehicle to gain control of the weapons. *Michigan v. Long*, 103 S.Ct. 3469 (1983). In this instance, a search of the passenger area of the vehicle is appropriate. Under *Long*, "protective search" of the passenger compartment should be limited to the area where a weapon may be located or hidden. The search is permissible *only* when the officers possess a reasonable belief, based on specific and articulable facts and reasonable inferences from those facts, that the individual was dangerous and could gain control of a weapon.

In this instance, Officers Brown and Delgado both stated that they believed displayed nervous behavior, because his hands were shaking and he fumbled, and dropped his driver's license and proof of insurance when handing them to Officer Brown. While officers can use their experience and the totality of circumstances to give them reasonable suspicion that a subject has, is committing or about to commit a crime, there are a myriad of reasons why an individual may become fearful and nervous from being stopped by the police. The fact that an individual is nervous is not of itself reasonable suspicion that criminal activity is afoot, nor is it evidence that a person may be armed and dangerous. Both officers stated that they saw "make furtive gestures" from the driver's seat to the passenger seat and thus suspected that was concealing either contraband or a weapon. However, neither Officers Brown or Delgado asked vehicle immediately upon stopping him to conduct further investigatory questioning or a protective pat-down for their safety.¹⁷ In fact, it was only after ascertaining possessed a valid driver's license and proof of insurance, that Officers Brown and Delgado returned to and performed a protective pat down and search of his vehicle. Thus, Officer Brown and Officer Delgado demonstrated a lack of exigency that counters the explanation they gave as to why they had to remove him from his vehicle and conduct a protective pat-down and search the vehicle. 18 There are no facts to support that posed a danger to the officers.

¹⁶ S04-13-9, Investigatory Stop System

¹⁷ Pursuant to *Pennsylvania v. Mims*, 434 U.S. 106 (1977), during a lawful vehicle stop, all occupants may be required to exit the vehicle.

¹⁸ Attachments 18 and 19

Based on the totality of the circumstances, Officer Brown and Officer Delgado lacked the reasonable articulable suspicion to do a sweep of vehicle. Therefore, the allegation that the officers improperly searched vehicle is sustained.

VII. CONCLUSION

Approved:

Based on the analysis set forth above, COPA makes the following findings:

Officer	Allegation	Finding
Officer Brown	1. It is alleged that on or around February 1, 2018, in front of, at approximately 1:30 PM, that Officer Brown failed to inform of the purpose of his traffic stop, in violation of Rules 1, 2 and 11.	Sustained
	2. It is alleged that on or around February 1, 2018, in front of, at approximately 1:30 PM, that Officer Brown improperly conducted a search of vehicle, a violation of Rules 1, 2 and 11.	Sustained
Officer Delgado	1. It is alleged that on or around February 1, 2018, in front of, Chicago, IL, at approximately 1:30 PM, that Officer Delgado failed to inform of the purpose of his traffic stop, in violation of Rules 1, 2 and 11.	Sustained
	2. It is alleged that on or around February 1, 2018, in front of Chicago, IL, at approximately 1:30 PM, that Officer Delgado improperly conducted a search of vehicle, a violation of Rules 1, 2 and 11	Sustained

	. 5. 1	
	6/12/18	
Mark Javier /	Date	
Acting Denuty Chief Administrator		

Appendix A

Assigned Investigative Staff

Squad#:

Investigator: Mark A. Glenn

10

Supervising Investigator: Erica Sangster

Acting Deputy Chief Administrator: Mark Javier

Attorney: Christina Chojnacki